

## ABSTRACT

Method of determining the gas hydrate formation conditions in a well fluid, comprising the following stages:

- B3
- taking a fluid sample,
  - placing this sample in a calorimetry cell,
  - performing on this sample a reference thermogram in a temperature range between T1 and T2,
  - performing on the same sample a second thermogram in the same range and under a pressure  $P_h$  of a hydrocarbon gas, T1 being a temperature low enough to obtain the formation of hydrates in the sample at a gas pressure  $P_h$ , T2 being high enough to obtain hydrate dissociation,

identifying a peak in the second thermogram corresponding to the hydrates dissociation zone and deducing therefrom a hydrates dissociation temperature.